



- CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

207, PUNIT APTS., 526 NARAYAN PETH, PUNE 411030. INDIA. TELE: 020-2444 8328, 9923449450

E-MAIL: paca.pune@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of M/s. Ador Welding Academy Private Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, (statement of changes in equity) and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "standalone Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit, (changes in equity) and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to the Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

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e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

MILIND N PHADKE Partner (MRN: 106033)

Pune, 11th May, 2021 For and on behalf of **PHADKE & ASSOCIATES** Chartered Accountants

(ICAI FRN: 121251W) **UDIN:** 21106033AAAAEN3322



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ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 5 of the Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED on the financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2021

A statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 dated 29th March 2016, issued by the Central Government and on the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we further report that:

- I a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b. All the assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and there is a regular program of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- II The company does not have any inventories at any time during the year, as such clause (ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- III The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- IV The company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- V The company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- VI The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records by the Company for any of its products.
- VII a. The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, investor education protection fund, employee's state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, goods and service tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, wealth tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, Goods and Service Tax and cess were in arrears, as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable. There are no disputed dues in respect of customs duty, income tax, wealth tax and Goods and service tax as at 31st March 2021.
- VIII The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to any financial institution, bank, Government or dues to debenture holders.
- IX No moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year.
- X According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.

(CA)

PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

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- XI No managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- XII The company is not a Nidhi Company as per the meaning in The Companies Act, 2013.
- XIII All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable Ind AS.
- XIV The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- XV The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- XVI The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- XVII In our opinion, the accumulated losses of the Company are more than fifty percent of its net worth.
- XVIII In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are adequate internal control procedures commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of inventory, fixed assets and with regard to the sale of goods. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal control system.

MILIND N PHADKE Partner (MRN: 106033)

Pune, 11th May, 2021 For and on behalf of

PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants (ICAI FRN: 121251W)

UDIN: 21106033AAAAEN3322







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Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

MILIND N PHADKE Partner (MRN: 106033)

Pune, 11th May, 2021

For and on behalf of **PHADKE & ASSOCIATES**

Chartered Accountants (ICAI FRN: 121251W)

UDIN: 21106033AAAAEN3322





Regd. Office: A-108, 'H' Block, MIDC, Nr. Morwadi Court, Pimpri, Pune, Maharashtra 411018

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Sr.	Particulars			Standalone		
No.			Quarter ended		Nine mon	ths ended
		31 March	31 December	31 March	31 March	31 March
			(Unaudited)		(Aud	ited)
1	Income					
	Revenue from operations	8,48,306	9,65,718	22,12,027	51,24,483	1,02,34,64
	Other income	2,23,639	3,39,206	1,557	10,70,161	2,03,410
	Total income	10,71,945	13,04,924	22,13,584	61,94,644	1,04,38,057
2	Expenses					
	Cost of materials consumed	2	Yer	Ψ.	*1	-
	Purchases of stock-in-trade	9 - 22	(8)	9,900	ωγ.	6,44,312
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	370	X = :	ê	20	2
	Employee benefits expense	3,90,373	3,59,431	3,44,555	14,06,982	12,65,40
	Finance costs	-	e=	-	*	ā
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,79,245	1,87,580	1,87,565	7,41,985	7,41,990
	Other expenses	5,94,020	8,65,179	7,17,162	20,08,234	32,38,62
	Total expenses	11,63,638	14,12,190	12,59,182	41,57,201	58,90,334
3	Profit before tax (1-2)	(91,693)	(1,07,266)	9,54,402	20,37,443	45,47,72
4	Tax expense/(benefit)					
	Current tax	(1,145)	(4)	1,48,887	3,31,000	6,18,37
	Deferred tax	(2,13,709)	J. S t	(10,13,786)	(2,13,709)	(10,13,78
5	Net Profit for the period	1,23,161	(1,07,266)	18,19,302	19,20,152	49,43,133
6	Other comprehensive income for the period (net of tax)					
	Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
	- Gain/ (loss) on fair value of defined benefit plans as per actuarial valuation	5±6	200	-	:÷:	-
	- Income tax effect on above	-	190	-	(4)	
7	Total comprehensive income for the period (after tax)	1,23,161	(1,07,266)	18,19,302	19,20,152	49,43,13
8	Equity	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,98
9	Other equity (excluding revaluation reserve Rs. Nil)	. 	(=)		(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,88
10	Earnings per share (EPS) (net of tax) (in Rs.)					
	Basic and diluted EPS (not annualised)*	0.04	(0.04)	0.61	0.64	1.65

For ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVALE LIMITED

Habron

CHAIRMAN DIN: 01771000

Mumbai 11 May 2021







Regd. Office: A-108, 'H' Block, MIDC, Nr. Morwadi Court, Pimpri, Pune, Maharashtra 411018

Statement	of Assets	and Lia	bilities
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	Stand	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	(Aud	ited)
Assets		
(1) Non-current assets		02.02.222
(a) Property, plant and equipment	85,61,237	93,03,223
(b) Capital work-in-progress	=	H E .
(c) Investment property		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
(d) Intangible assets	55,127	55,127
(e) Financial assets		
(i) Investments		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
(ii) Loans	60,000	61,400
(iii) Other non-current financial assets		<u> </u>
(f) Non-current tax assets (net)	13,82,996	10,65,155
,	1,00,59,360	1,04,84,905
m a		
(2) Current assets		2
(a) Inventories		
(b) Financial Assets	1,03,00,941	93,75,652
(i) Investments	9,60,063	2,66,220
(ii) Trade receivables	16,23,704	16,48,701
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	58,293	10,10,701
(vi) Other current financial assets	36,273	11,628
(c) Other current assets	1,29,43,001	1,13,02,201
553.1 · · · ·		
Total Assets	2,30,02,361	2,17,87,106
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		887
(a) Equity share capital	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981
(b) Other equity	(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,888)
3	2,21,77,245	2,02,57,093
Liabilities		
(1) Non-current liabilities		
(a) Financial liabilities		
(i) Other non-current financial liabilities	Ē.a.	
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	6,09,801	5,05,669
(c) Other non-current liabilities	O.	¥3
	6,09,801	5,05,669
(2) Current liabilities		
(a) Financial liabilities		
(i) Borrowings	Ξ	-0
(ii) Trade payables	608	2,35,027
(iii) Other current financial liabilities	=	
(b) Other current liabilities	36,059	3,57,788
(c) Provisions	1,78,648	4,31,529
NA PARTITION OF THE PAR	2,15,315	10,24,344
Print 1 77 1 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4	2,30,02,361	2,17,87,106
Total Equity and Liabilities	2,30,02,301	2,17,07,100

For ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVALE LIMITED

DEEP LALVANI

CHAIRMAN

DIN: 01771000

Mumbai 11 May 2021





Standalone balance sheet			(Amount in Rs
Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2021	As 31 March 202
Assets			
1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	85,61,237	93,03,22
b) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
c) Investment property			<u> </u>
d) Intangible assets	3	55,127	55,12
e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments			5
(ii) Loans	4	60,000	61,40
(iii) Other non-current financial assets		.	2
(f) Non-current tax assets (net)	5	13,82,996	10,65,15
t) Non-current tax assets (net)	_	1,00,59,360	1,04,84,90
Manager Hande AV controlled	_		
(2) Current assets			20
(a) Inventories			-
(b) Financial Assets	.ä	1 02 00 044	02 75 65
(i) Investments	6	1,03,00,941	93,75,65
(ii) Trade receivables	7	9,60,063	2,66,22
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	16,23,704	16,48,70
(iv) Other current financial assets	9	58,293	
(c) Other current assets	10		11,62
	-	1,29,43,001	1,13,02,20
	Total Assets	2,30,02,361	2,17,87,10
Equity and liabilities	·		
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	11	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,98
(b) Other equity	12	(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,88
(-)	,	2,21,77,245	2,02,57,09
Liabilities			
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Other non-current financial liabilities			-
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	13	6,09,801	5,05,60
(c) Other non-current liabilities	14	* *	6 196 357
(c) Other hon-current habitudes		6,09,801	5,05,66
(2) Current liabilities	-	-,-,-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
(a) Financial liabilities			
	15	_	
(i) Borrowings	16	608	2,35,02
(ii) Trade payables		000	2,55,0
(iii) Other current financial liabilities	17	36,059	3,57,78
(b) Other current liabilities	18	1961	4,31,52
(c) Provisions	19 _	1,78,648 2,15,315	10,24,34
	(<u>*</u>		
Total eq	quity and liabilities	2,30,02,361	2,17,87,10
Summary of significant accounting policies	1		
The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of	of the financial statements.		
This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even of			
For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES	For	r and on behalf of the Board of	Directors
Chartered Accountants		$\wedge \wedge \wedge \wedge$	in
Firm Registration No: 121251W	SSO NI	the	Mas
	W THE		Lalvani
1 1/2/-		Chan	
Mads (E) FF		DIN DIN	: 01771000
	RN SS PI	UNE DIN	:01771000

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 11 May 2021

N.M. Nagpal Director DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 11 May 2021

ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED			
Standalone statement of profit and loss			(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
r articulais	Notes	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	20	51,24,483	1,02,34,641
Other income	21	10,70,161	2,03,416
Total revenue		61,94,644	1,04,38,057
Expenses	·		
Cost of raw materials and components consumed		-	-
Purchase of stock-in-trade	22	=	6,44,312
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade		-	<u> </u>
Employee benefits expenses	23	14,06,982	12,65,408
Finance costs	24	:#.	=
Depreciation and amortisation expense		7,41,985	7,41,990
Other expenses	25	20,08,234	32,38,624
Total expenses	-	41,57,201	58,90,334
Profit before tax		20,37,443	45,47,723
Tax expense	26		
Current tax		3,31,000	6,18,376
Deferred tax charge		(2,13,709)	(10,13,786)
Profit for the year	N-	19,20,152	49,43,133
Other comprehensive income	27		
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	21		-
(i) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1000 (==	=:
Net other comprehensive income	(<u></u>	: <u>***</u>	25
Net other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the period (Comprising profit and other	12	19,20,152	49,43,133
comprehensive income for the period)	i)	17,20,132	47,45,155
Earnings per equity share		of the state of th	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (net of tax)		0.64	1.65
(Rs.10 per share)			
Significant accounting policies	1.		
The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statemen	its.		

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

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For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 11 May 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani Chairman

DIN: 01771000

M. M. Nagpal Director

Director DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 11 May 2021

Standalone cash flow statement

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year e 31 Mare		Year o	ended ch 2020
A) Cash flow from operating activities				
Profit before tax		20,37,443		45,47,723
Adjustment for:				
Depreciation and amortisation expense	7,41,985		7,41,990	
Provision for doubtful debts	+ x .		≅ .	
Fair value adjustments relating to				
Financial assets at FVTPL	(6,61,652)		(1,36,881)	
Assets written off / discarded	÷			
Items considered separately:				
Finance cost	-		2	
Profit on sale of property, plant & equipment		0	=	
Interest received from banks and others	(71,817)		(65,835)	
Rental Income	-	8,516	6	5,39,27
Operating profit before working capital changes		20,45,959		50,86,99
Adjustments for changes in working capital		1		
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories			<u>~</u>	
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	(6,93,843)		6,27,651	
(Increase)/ decrease in loans and other receivables	(45,265)		1,54,627	
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(2,34,419)		(1,25,552)	
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities and provisions	(2,17,597)	(11,91,124)	1,20,955	7,77,68
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		8,54,835		58,64,67
Income tax (paid) / refund		(6,88,013)		5,56,82
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		1,66,822		64,21,50
B. Cash flow from investing activities		•		
b. Cash now nom investing activities				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (including capital work in progress and capital advances)			-	
Purchase of investments	(2,63,636)	1	(62,00,000)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment			=	
Proceeds from sale of investments	- 1		=	
Dividend income	:•:		=	
Interest received from banks and others	71,817		65,835	
Rental income	-		=	
Investment in fixed deposits	-		2	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities	9-1	(1,91,819)		(61,34,10
C. Cash flow from financing activities				
Finance cost			ఆ	
Proceeds from current borrowings	:•:		=	
Repayment of current borrowings	•		=	
Dividend paid	-		=	
Dividend distribution tax			¥	
Net cash generated from financing activities				
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(24,997)		2,87,33
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		16,48,701	17	13,61,36
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year [Refer note 14]		16,23,704		16,48,70

^{*} Amounts below Rs 0.49 lacs have been rounded off as per norms of the Company.





Standalone cash flow statement

Notes to the cash flow statement

a) Components of cash and cash equivalents:

/ A			D . 1
(A	mount	ın	KS.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
Cash on hand	35,238	26,635
Cheques on hand	<u> </u>	(8)
Balances with banks		
- in Current accounts	50,106	16,22,066
- in Deposit accounts	15,38,360	
Total	16,23,704	16,48,701

The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements.

& ASSO

This is the cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 11 May 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani Chairman DIN: 01771000

N. M. Nagpal Director DIN 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 11 May 2021

Note 1

Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Basis of Preparation

Company information

Ador Welding Academy Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 24 July 2012 and is engaged in providing training in respect of welding activity. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ador Welding Limited, a public limited company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The corporate office of the company is situated at A-108, H Block, MIDC Pimpri Pune 411018.

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost and accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities and defined benefit plan assets and liabilities, that are measured at fair value.

1 Significant accounting policies

a. Property plant and equipment (including Capital Work-in-Progress)

Freehold Land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of all attributable cost of bringing the assets to their working condition, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of tangible asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Items of property, plant and equipment that have been retired from active use and are held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value and are shown separately in the financial statements. Any expected loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from the retirement of, and gains or losses arising from disposal of tangible assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight-line method based on useful life as estimated by the management and aligned to Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 in order to reflect the actual usage of assets.

Assets not yet ready for use are recognised as capital work in progress.

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

b. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets relating to product development are recorded at actual cost incurred on the development of products and are capitalised once the products receive approval from relevant authorities and the same are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly.

Software and implementation costs including users license fees of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and other application software costs are amortised over a period of three years

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.





c. Investments and financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- · those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- · those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Measurement of debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of
 principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost
 and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from
 these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Impairment of financial assets

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.





Borrowings and other financial liabilities Borrowings and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Difference between the fair value and the transaction proceeds on initial is recognised as an asset / liability based on the underlying reason for the difference. Subsequently all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Inventories Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the 'average cost' method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw material, packing materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. f. Revenue Recognition Sale of goods is recognised on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which is generally on the dispatch of goods by the Company and are recognised net of trade discounts and goods and service tax. Service income is recognised on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer and is accounted based on terms of contract entered into with the respective parties Sale of services: In contract involving rendering of services revenue is recognised using the proportionate completion method in line with agreements / arrangements with concerned parties and is net of goods and service tax. Other revenue / income and cost / expenditure are generally accounted on accrual as they are earned or incurred. Other Income g. Interest income for all debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. **Employee Benefits** Employee benefits such as Providend Fund, ESI, Gratuity are not extended to the employees as the provisions of the respective Acts are not applicable to the Company as on balance sheet date. Segment Reporting Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The board of directors of Ador Welding Academy Private Limited assesses the financial performance and position and makes strategic decisions. The Board of directors has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker. Refer note 29 for segment information





i. Current and Deferred Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

k. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

1. Cash flow statement

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.





m. Critical estimates and judgements

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS which requires management to make estimates, assumptions and exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the year.

The Management believes that these estimates are prudent and reasonable and are based upon the Management's best knowledge of current events and actions. Actual results could differ from these estimates and differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known or materialised.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

. Related Party Disclosure

Transactions with related parties are disclosed in Note no. 28







Standalone statement of changes in equity

A) Equity share capital

Particulars	Notes	Number of shares	(Amount in Rs.)
Issued, subscribed and paid up:			
As at 31 March 2020	11	30,00,000	3,00,00,000
Changes in equity share capital			8
As at 31 March 2021		30,00,000	3,00,00,000

B) Other equity

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		Reserves and surplus		Total
	General reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	
Balance as at 31 March 2020		-	(1,50,89,888)	(1,50,89,888)
Net profit for the year	=	8	19,20,152	19,20,152
Other comprehensive income for the year		=	2	49
Total comprehensive income for the year		i=x	(1,31,69,737)	(1,31,69,737)
Amount transfer from retained earnings		(5)	22 1	(#3)
Amount transfer to general reserve	-	752	5	-
Equity dividend including tax theron	= ====================================	2	프	~
Closing balance as at 31 March 2021	-	-	(1,31,69,737)	(1,31,69,737)

The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani Chairman DIN : 01771000

> N. M. Nagpal Director

DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 11 May 2021

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 11 May 2021

ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Plant and equip-	Electrical	Furniture	Office	Total
	0	ments (including computers)	installations	and fixtures	equip	
Gross carrying value				D		
As at 1 April 2019	61,63,328	62,94,588	10,54,910	5,70,064	7,02,275	1,47,85,165
Additions	ere	1	3(1)	\$1 1 7(•	ï
Adjustments	ı	Ġ	1	SE:		1
Deductions	Þ	É	£	R	ı	(1)
As at 31 March 2020	61,63,328	62,94,588	10,54,910	5,70,064	7,02,275	1,47,85,165
Additions	E	E	ī	ř.	t	•
Adjustments	U	Ü	6	Ē	Ĭ.	OF.
Deductions	L	1	t	ï	E	1
As at 31 March 2021	61,63,328	62,94,588	10,54,910	5,70,064	7,02,275	1,47,85,165
Accumulated depreciation						
As at 1 April 2019	10,30,667	22,37,100	7,98,558	2,80,756	3,92,872	47,39,953
Depreciation charge	1,92,980	3,90,172	1,04,818	52,723	1,297	7,41,990
Adjustments	Ī	ī	1	î	ī	ı
Deductions	ä	ā	74.2	ĩ		x
As at 31 March 2020	12,23,647	26,27,272	9,03,376	3,33,479	3,94,169	54,81,943
Depreciation charge	1,92,980	3,90,172	1,04,818	52,723	1,292	7,41,985
Adjustments	î	1	Quil.	9	9.	3
Deductions	T.	ı	ar	1	T-12	
As at 31 March 2021	14,16,627	30,17,444	10,08,194	3,86,202	3,95,461	62,23,928
Net carrying value						
As at 31 March 2020	49,39,681	36,67,316	1,51,534	2,36,585	3,08,106	93,03,223
As at 31 March 2021	47,46,701	32,77,144	46,716	1,83,862	3,06,814	85,61,237
						A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 3 - Intangible assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Computer Software	E learning Module	Total
Gross carrying value			2000 A 10000 TOWNSON
As at 1 April 2019	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Additions	<u> </u>	- 1	180
Adjustments	, m	#A	
Deductions	-	¥	
As at 31 March 2020	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Additions	-	- 1	196
Adjustments	€	-	970
Deductions	-	-	3 4
As at 31 March 2021	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Accumulated amortisation		17 pt. 0009999	NATION AND APPEA
As at 1 April 2019	48,735	9,98,688	10,47,423
Amortisation charge	-	-) (
Adjustments		=	
Deductions	· ·	, <u>**</u>	-
As at 31 March 2020	48,735	9,98,688	10,47,423
Amortisation charge	£*	520	₩.
Adjustments		=	₩.
Deductions		· ·	-
As at 31 March 2021	48,735	9,98,688	10,47,423
Net carrying value			
As at 31 March 2020	2,565	52,562	55,127
As at 31 March 2021	2,565	52,562	55,127







Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 4 - Non-current loans

Unsecured, considered good (unless otherwise stated)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Security deposit		1,400
Deposit for cylinder	35,000	35,000
Deposit with MVAT	25,000	25,000
Total	60,000	61,400

Note 5 - Non-current tax assets (net)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Advance income tax [Refer note (a) below] MAT credit availment	13,82,996	10,65,155
Total	13,82,996	10,65,155

Note 6 - Current Investments

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Amount in Rs.)		
Particulars Particulars	As at	As at		
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020		
Financial assets classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss				
Investment in mutual funds (unquoted)				
Aditya Birla sunlife Arbitrage fund - growth - regular plan	33,43,765	8		
(31 March 2021: 160644.404 units; 31 March 2020: Nil units of Rs. 10 each)				
Aditya Birla sunlife Liquid Fund - growth - regular plan	- 1	32,29,221		
(31 March 2021: Nil units; 31 March 2020: 10162.774 units of Rs. 100 each)				
Aditya Birla sunlife equity hybrid 95 fund - growth - direct plan	12,29,278	7,66,613		
(31 March 2021: 1245.128 units; 31 March 2020: 1245.128 units of Rs. 100 each)				
Aditya Birla sunlife arbitrage fund - growth - direct plan	5,48,562	5,27,044		
(31 March 2021: 25184.984 units; 31 March 2020: 25184.984 units of Rs. 100 each)				
SBI Magnum low duration fund - growth plan	16,66,964	15,77,518		
(31 March 2021: 606.083 units; 31 March 2020: 606.083 units of Rs. 100 each)	1			
Aditya Birla sunlife arbitrage fund - growth - regular plan	6,40,285	6,18,900		
(31 March 2021: 30761.186 units; 31 March 2020: 30761.186 units of Rs. 100 each)	8			
IDFC Banking and PSU Debt fund - growth - regular plan	6,82,707	6,29,765		
(31 March 2021: 35493.508 units; 31 March 2020: 35493.508 units of Rs. 100 each)				
Aditya Birla sunlife floating rate fund - growth - direct plan	10,95,749	10,21,314		
(31 March 2021: 4048.083 units; 31 March 2020: 4048.083 units of Rs. 100 each)	1			
HDFC Corporate bond fund - growth - regular plan	10,93,631	10,05,278		
(31 March 2021: 43871.772 units; 31 March 2020: 43871.772 units of Rs. 100 each)		*		
Total	1,03,00,941	93,75,652		

Note 7 - Trade receivables

(Amount in Rs.)

Design 1	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Unsecured, considered good	9,60,063	2,66,220
Total	9,60,063	2,66,220





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 8 - Cash and cash equivalents

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Cash on hand	35,238	26,635
Cheques on hand		Ş
Balances with banks		
- in Current accounts	50,106	16,22,066
- in Deposit accounts	15,38,360	*
Total	16,23,704	16,48,701

Note 9 - Other current financials assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
Tatuculais	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Security deposits	58,292	
Others	1	2
Total	58,293	*

Note 10 - Other current assets

(Amount in Rs.)

	(Illiount in xioi)			
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As a 31 March 2020		
Advance given to suppliers	₩	3,080		
Prepaid expenses		4,400		
Balances with central excise, customs, GST and port trust	=	4,148		
Total	· · ·	11,628		

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 11 - Equity share capital

(Amount	in	Rel	

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Authorised shares 30,00,000 (31 March 2020: 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,00,00,000	3,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares 30,00,000 (31 March 2020: 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up Contribution from Holding company	3,00,00,000 53,46,981	3,00,00,000 53,46,981
Total	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981

As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)	No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)
30,00,000	3,00,00,000	30,00,000	3,00,00,000
30,00,000	3,00,00,000	30.00.000	3.00,00,000
	As at 31 Ma No. of shares 30,00,000	No. of shares (Amount in Rs.) 30,00,000 3,00,00,000	As at 31 March 2021 As at 31 Ma No. of shares (Amount in Rs.) No. of shares 30,00,000 3,00,000 30,00,000

Note 11 b- Rights, preferences and restrictions

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par (face) value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all the preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Note 11 c- Shares held by holding Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
a miletanie	No. of shares	No. of shares
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	20.00.000	30,00,000
Ador Welding Limited	30,00,000	30,00,000

Note 11 d- Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 Mar	As at 31 March 2021		rch 2020
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each Ador Welding Limited	30,00,000	100%	30,00,000	100%
Total	30,00,000	100%	30,00,000	100%

Note 11 e- The Company has not issued any bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash nor has there been any buyback of shares during five years immediately preceding 31 March 2021.

Note 12 - Other equity

(Amount in Rs.)

	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 51 Maten 2020
General reserve [Refer note (a) below]		(*)
Capital redemption reserve account [Refer note (b) below]	1 1	140
Retained earnings [Refer note (c) below]	(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,888)
Total	(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,888)

Notes:

(Amount in Rs.) (a) General reserve*

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Balance at the beginning of the year		
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	•	0.5
Balance at the end of the year	-	10

^{*}The general reserve is a distributable reserve maintained by the Company to be utilised in accordance with the Act.

(b) Capital redemption reserve account**

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Balance at the beginning of the year		779
Transaction during the year	•	7
Balance at the end of the year		-

^{**}The reserve has been created on during buy back of equity shares and it is a non-distributable reserves.

(Amount in Rs.)

(c) Retained earnings***		(Infount in Res)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Balance at the beginning of the year	(1,50,89,888)	(2,00,33,021)
Transaction during the year Add: Net profit/(loss) for the year	19,20,152	49,43,133
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	Y =	
Less: Transfer to general reserve	×= 1	-
Less: Equity dividend		
Less: Tax on equity dividend	•	4 50 00 000
Balance at the end of the year	(1,31,69,736)	(1,50,89,888)

^{***}Retained earnings pertain to the accumulated earnings made by the Company over the years.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 13 - Deferred tax liabilities (net)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:		5.05.660
On timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per Income Tax Act, 1961	6,09,801	5,05,669
	6,09,801	5,05,669
Deferred tax assets on account of:		
Carry forward of business loss		
© Accompanies and Accompanies	-	-
Net deferred tax liabilities	6,09,801	5,05,669

Note 14 - Other non-current liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
y.	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Total	-	

Note 15 - Borrowings

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Secured		
From banks Overdraft from HDFC Bank	-	*
Total	-	-





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 16 - Trade payables

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
atucuiais	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises	**	
Dues to other than micro, small and medium enterprises	608	2,35,027
Total	608	2,35,027

Note 17 - Other current financial liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

		,
Particulars	As at	' As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Provision for expenses	-	-
Others	-	-
Total		

Note 18 - Other current liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
Lattionals	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Statutory dues	36,059	2,63,844
Advance against Sales and Services		23,386
Others	-	70,558
Total	36,059	3,57,788

Note 19 - Provisions

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Others		Y
Provision for income tax	1,78,648	4,31,529
Total	1,78,648	4,31,529







Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 20.

Note 20 - Revenue from operations

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Sale of goods	-	10,19,900
Sale of services	51,24,483	92,14,741
Total	51,24,483	1,02,34,641

Note 21 - Other income

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest income on financial asset measured at amortised cost		
(i) Others	71,817	65,835
Profit on Sale of Mutual Fund	2,63,636	·=:
Provisions / liabilities no longer required now written back	72,056	*
Fair value change of financial asset measured at FVTPL	6,61,652	1,36,881
Miscellaneous income	1,000	700
Total	10,70,161	2,03,416

Note 22 - Purchase of stock-in-trade

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars Welding machines & booth	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
		6,44,312
Total	-	6,44,312

Note 23 - Employee benefits expense

(Amount in Rs.)

	(
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020		
Salaries, wages and bonus	14,06,982	12,65,408		
Total	14,06,982	12,65,408		

Note 24 - Finance costs

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended Year e 31 March 2021 31 March	
Interest expense on: Others	-	
Total	-	-

FRN PUNE 121251W



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 25 - Other expenses

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	
Training material and related Expenses	2,37,019	7,31,832	
Electricity expenses	1,44,940	-	
Rent, Rates and taxes	3,96,250	7,37,788	
Freight	1,867	29,223	
Legal and professional fees	67,000	1,93,458	
Repairs and maintenance	1,68,941	3,81,644	
Travelling, conveyance and vehicle expenses	9,564	1,66,880	
Telephone, postage and telegram	1,01,275	1,04,666	
Housekeeping expenses	2,09,574	39,676	
Security Service Charges	2,24,502	2	
Canteen Expenses	1,82,112	4,53,984	
Interest on statutory dues	1,428	755	
Printing and stationery	28,644	1,27,848	
Auditors remuneration [Refer note 25(a)]	80,000	80,000	
Bank charges	293	3,327	
Miscellaneous expenses	1,54,825	1,87,543	
Total	20,08,234	32,38,624	

Note 25(a) - Auditors' remuneration (excluding taxes)

(Amount in Rs.)

	(Amount in Rs.)			
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020		
Statutory audit fees	50,000	50,000		
Tax audit fees	30,000	30,000		
Total	80,000	80,000		

Note 26 - Tax expense

(Amount in Rs.)

	(Amount in Rs.)			
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020		
Current tax				
Current tax for the year	3,31,000	7,42,000		
Additional/(Reversal) of provision for earlier years		(1,23,624)		
	3,31,000	6,18,376		
Deferred tax				
Change in deferred tax assets	(3,17,841)	(10,65,155)		
Change in deferred tax liabilities	1,04,132	51,369		
5	(2,13,709)	(10,13,786)		
Total	1,17,291	(3,95,410)		

Note 27 - Other comprehensive income

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Actuarial gains on defined benefit obligations	-	> //
Income tax effect on above	-	<u> </u>
Total		·**





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 28 - Related Party Disclosure:

As per Ind AS 24 "Related party Disclosures", disclosure of transactions with the related parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:

(I) List of related parties and relationship:

Relationship	Name of the Persons / Company	
(i) Holding Company:	Ador Welding Limited	
(ii) Subsidiary Company and fellow subsidiaries:	NIL	
(iii) Companies in which holding Company has	J B Advani & Co Pvt Ltd.	
significant influence and its associates:	Ador Powertron Limited	
3.5	Ador Fontech Limited	
	Mack Valves India Pvt. Ltd.	(a)
(iv) Key management personnel:	Mr. S. M. Bhat - Chairman	
(iv) itely immingenies processing	Mrs. N. M. Nagpal - Director	
	Mr. Deep Lalvani - Director	
	Mr. R.A.Mirchandani - Director	

(Amount in Rs.) (II) Transactions during the year: Value of the transactions Description of the nature of transactions Relationship / name of the related party 31 March 2020 31 March 2021 a) Holding Company 10,00,000 12,14,401 Sale of goods and services (net) Ador Welding Limited 1,17,724 10,05,027 Purchase of goods and services received 7,30,000 3,95,250 Rent paid (net) Interest paid (net) Reimbursement of expenses b) Subsidiary Company and fellow subsidiaries c) Companies in which Holding Company has significant influence and its associates J B Advani & Co Pvt Ltd. Sale of goods (net) Purchase of goods and services received Rent paid (net) Sale of goods (net) Ador Fontech Limited Purchase of goods and services received 7,000 Sale of goods and servics (net) Ador Powertron Limited Purchase of goods and services received -Sale of goods (net) Mack Valves India Pvt. Ltd. Purchase of goods and services received d) Key Management Personnel Remuneration Mr. S. M. Bhat - Chairman Remuneration Mrs. N. M. Nagpal - Director Remuneration Mr. Deep Lalvani - Director Remuneration Mr. R.A.Mirchandani - Director Sitting fees Directors (Non-executive and Independent and Nonexecutive directors)





(III) Amount outstanding at the year end:

(Amount in Rs.)

	Value of the transactions	
Description of the nature of transactions	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	_	
Trade receivable		24,337
Equity share capital	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981
Trade payable	607	84,146
Other payable	-	-
	-	4
nificant influence and its associates		
Other receivable	12	82
Trade payable	· ·	-
		1-
	3 =	n=
	12	-
	Equity share capital Trade payable Other payable mificant influence and its associates Other receivable	Description of the nature of transactions 31 March 2021

Notes:

1. Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the auditors.





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2021

The Company's chief operating decision maker - Chief Financial Officer examines the Company's performance and has identified two reportable segments of its business:

(i) Skill and Technical Training

(ii) Equipments and project business

The above operating segments have been identified considering:

(i) The internal financial reporting systems

(ii) The nature of the products / process

(iii) The organisation structure as well as differential risks and returns of these segments.

Types of products and services in each business segment:

Business Segment	Types of products and services
a) Training services	Skill Training at ADOR has been an integral part of the business activities and evolved through its various platforms such as the Welding School (1960 - 1990), the Ador Institute of Welding Technology- AIWT (1991 - 2011)- where over 40000 people were trained and gainfully employed in careers in welding.
b) Equipments and project business	 Equipments, spares, cutting products and agency items related to equipments cutting products, design, engineering, procurement and commissioning of flares, incinerators, furnaces, etc. from Chinchwad plant.

Revenue and expenses have been accounted on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Expenses, which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been included under "Unallocable Income" and "Unallocable Expenses" respectively. Assets and Liabilities, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been included under "Unallocable Assets / Liabilities". Intersegment transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar goods.

A) Business segment

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Skill and Techn	ical Training	Equipments and p	roject business	Tota	II.
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Segment revenue				10 10 000	51,24,483	1,02,88,822
External revenue	51,24,483	92,68,922	-	10,19,900	51,24,463	1,02,00,022
Inter segment revenue				-	51,24,483	1,02,88,822
Total revenue	51,24,483	92,68,922	i i	10,19,900		40,44,188
Segment result before interest and tax	13,83,002	26,96,125	8	13,48,063	13,83,002	40,44,100
Add/(less):				1	c = 1.115	4,49,354
Unallocable expenses				1	6,54,441	4,49,334
(net of unallocable income)						
Interest and finance charges (net)					•	1 02 (01
Excess/ (short) provision of taxes					*	1,23,624
for earlier years					000000000000000000000000000000000000000	071707
Provision for taxes (net of deferred tax)				1	(1,17,291)	2,71,786
Net profit after tax					19,20,152	48,88,952
Other information			SAC ANADERS	new cases an award	WWW.0000000000000000000000000000000000	
Segment assets	1,38,01,417	1,30,72,264	69,00,708	65,36,132	2,07,02,125	1,96,08,396
Unallocated assets	ANAL 00 AGEL				23,00,236	21,78,711
Total assets					2,30,02,361	2,17,87,107
Segment liabilities	4,95,070	9,18,008	2,47,535	4,59,004	7,42,604	13,77,012
Unallocated liabilities	- AS				82,512	1,53,001
Total liabilities				1	8,25,116	15,30,013
Capital employed						
Segment wise capital employed	1,33,06,347	1,21,54,256	66,53,174	60,77,128	1,99,59,521	1,82,31,384
Unallocable corporate assets net of unallocable					22,17,725	20,25,710
corporate liabilities		Y			9	
Total capital employed					2,21,77,245	2,02,57,094
Capital expenditure						
Segment capital expenditure		9	2	*	11 8 10 /	9
Unallocated capital expenditure					11 5 0	5
Total capital expenditure					681	5211
(Tangible and intangible assets)						
Depreciation and amortisation					ti r	
Segment depreciation and amortisation		150				200
Unallocated depreciation and amortisation					7,41,985	7,41,99
Total depreciation and amortisation					7,41,985	7,41,99
Significant non cash expenditure						
Segment significant non cash expenditure	ř	(<u>*</u>	-		9	929
Unallocated significant non cash expenditure					-	
Total significant non cash expenditure		1			<u> </u>	120





B) Geographical segment

The geographic information analysis the companies revenue and non current assets

Revenue from external customers

	(Amount in Rs.)	
As at	As at	
rch 2021	31 March 2020	
1,24,483	1,02,34,641	

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Domestic	51,24,483	1,02,34,641
Overseas	51,24,483	1,02,34,641
Total	31,41,103	-,-,-

Domestic Segment includes sales to customers located in India and service income accrued in India. Overseas Segment includes sales and services rendered to customers located outside in India.

The following are the details of the carrying amount of non current assets, which do not include deferred tax assets, income tax assets and financial assets, by the geographical area in which the assets are located: (Amount in Re)

As at	As at
31 March 2021	31 March 2020
86,16,364	93,58,350
	-
86,16,364	93,58,350
	86,16,364

C) Major customer

Revenues of approximately Rs. 10.00 lacs (31 March 2020 - Rs. 12.14 lacs) are derived from a single customer. These revenues are attributed to the Skill and Technical Training segment.

D) Other disclosures

1. The Company has disclosed business segment as the primary segment.

2. The Segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segment and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

Note 30 - Previous periods figures have been regrouped / rearranged, wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with the current period.

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For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 121251W

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place: Pune Date: 11 May 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani Chairman

DIN: 01771000

N. M. Nagi Director DIN: 0003 1985

Place : Mumbai Date: 11 May 2021