ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED Standalone balance sheet			
Particulars	Notes	As at	(Amount in Rs
		31 March 2020	31 March 201
Assets			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	93,03,223	1,00,45,21
(b) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
(c) Investment property		*	=
(d) Intangible assets	. 3	55,127	55,12
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments		-	-
(ii) Loans	4	61,400	1,37,40
(iii) Other non-current financial assets		-	-,51,10
(f) Non-current tax assets (net)	5	10,65,155	12,82,04
(a)	s ,	1,04,84,905	1,15,19,78
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories			
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	6	93,75,652	30,38,77
(ii) Trade receivables	7	2,66,220	8,93,87
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	16,48,701	
(iv) Other current financial assets	9	10,48,701	13,61,36
(c) Other current assets	10		71,50
c) Other current assets	_	11,628 1,13,02,201	18,75. 53,84,26
Total Assets	=	2,17,87,106	
	=	2,17,07,100	1,69,04,041
Equity and liabilities Equity	*		
	iana.	2 52 44 004	222
(a) Equity share capital	11	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,98
(b) Other equity	12	(1,50,89,888)	(2,00,33,02
Liabilities	_	2,02,57,093	1,53,13,960
(1) Non-current liabilities	×		
(a) Financial liabilities	•		
(i) Other non-current financial liabilities		2	
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	13	5,05,669	4,54,300
(c) Other non-current liabilities	14	-	-
		5,05,669	4,54,300
2) Current liabilities	2/		
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	₩ <u>₽</u>	
(ii) Trade payables	16	2,35,027	3,60,579
(iii) Other current financial liabilities	17	(¥2	-
b) Other current liabilities	18	3,57,788	2,88,202
c) Provisions	19	4,31,529	4,87,000
		10,24,344	11,35,781
Total equity and liabilities		2,17,87,106	1,69,04,041
		-,11,01,100	1,02,07,041
Summary of significant accounting policies	1		

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements.

& ASSOC

PUNE

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

MILIND N PHADKE

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 10 June 2020

Partner

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.M. Bhat Chairman

Chairman DIN: 05168265

Deep Lalvani N

Director

DIN: 01771000

N. M. Nagpal Director

DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 10 June 2020

ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED			
Standalone statement of profit and loss			1979 C. V. Barr III
n (1)		77	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
	0 000000	31 Waren 2020	31 Warch 2019
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	20	1,02,34,641	1,37,68,662
Other income	21	2,03,416	78,180
Total revenue		1,04,38,057	1,38,46,842
Expenses			
Cost of raw materials and components consumed		_	*
Purchase of stock-in-trade	22	6,44,312	7,62,781
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade		±€	
Employee benefits expenses	23	12,65,408	10,25,235
Finance costs	24	- +	46,231
Depreciation and amortisation expense		7,41,990	7,91,464
Other expenses	25	32,38,624	38,09,764
Total expenses		58,90,334	64,35,476
Profit before tax		45,47,723	74,11,367
Tax expense	26		
Current tax		6,18,376	4,87,000
Deferred tax charge		(10,13,786)	57,914
Profit for the year		49,43,133	68,66,453
Other comprehensive income	27		
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		•	÷
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			-
Net other comprehensive income		<u>=</u>	
Total comprehensive income for the period (Comprising profit and other		40.42.422	(0.44.150
comprehensive income for the period)		49,43,133	68,66,453
Earnings per equity share			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (net of tax)		1.65	2.29
(Rs.10 per share)			
Significant accounting policies	1		
The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statemen	ts.		

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

FRN PUNE 121251W

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.M. Bhat Chairman

DIN: 05168265

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date : 10 June 2020 Deep Lalvani Director

DIN: 01771000

N.M. Director

DIN: 00031985

Place: Mumbai Date: 10 June 2020

Standalone cash flow statement (Amount in Rs.) Year ended **Particulars** Year ended 31 March 2020 31 March 2019 A) Cash flow from operating activities Profit before tax 45,47,723 74,11,366 Adjustment for: Depreciation and amortisation expense 7,41,990 7,91,465 Provision for doubtful debts Fair value adjustments relating to Financial assets at FVTPL (1,36,881)(38,771)Assets written off / discarded Items considered separately: Finance cost 46,231 Profit on sale of property, plant & equipment Interest received from banks and others (65,835)(32,164)Rental Income 5,39,274 7,66,761 Operating profit before working capital changes 50,86,997 81,78,127 Adjustments for changes in working capital (Increase)/ decrease in inventories (Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables 6,27,651 (6,62,876)(Increase)/ decrease in loans and other receivables 1,54,627 2,41,240 Increase/(decrease) in trade payables (1,25,552)(21,60,690)Increase/(decrease) in liabilities and provisions 1,20,955 7,77,681 (20,470)(26,02,796) Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities 58,64,678 55,75,331 Income tax (paid) / refund 5,56,825 (4,31,547)Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities 64,21,503 51,43,784 B. Cash flow from investing activities Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (including capital work in progress and capital advances) Purchase of investments (62,00,000) (30,00,000)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments Dividend income Interest received from banks and others 65,835 32,164 Rental income Investment in fixed deposits Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (61,34,165) (29,67,836) C. Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost (46,231)Proceeds from current borrowings Repayment of current borrowings (11,72,128)Dividend paid Dividend distribution tax Net cash generated from financing activities (12,18,359)Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 2,87,338 9,57,589 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 13,61,363 4,03,774

16,48,701

13,61,363

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year [Refer note 14]



^{*} Amounts below Rs 0.49 lacs have been rounded off as per norms of the Company.



Standalone cash flow statement

Notes to the cash flow statement

a) Components of cash and cash equivalents:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year end	ed 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Cash on hand	2 2	26,635	884
Cheques on hand	Heat.	-	*
Balances with banks in current accounts	* *	16,22,066	13,60,479
Total		16,48,701	13,61,363

The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements.

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This is the cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 121251W

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date: 10 June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani Director

DIN: 01771000

S.M. Bhat Chairman DIN: 05168265

Director DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date: 10 June 2020 Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Basis of Preparation

Company information

Ador Welding Academy Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 24 July 2012 and is engaged in providing training in respect of welding activity. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ador Welding Limited, a public limited company listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The corporate office of the company is situated at A-108, H Block, MIDC Pimpri Pune 411018.

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost and accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities and defined benefit plan assets and liabilities, that are measured at fair value.

1 Significant accounting policies

a. Property plant and equipment (including Capital Work-in-Progress)

Freehold Land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of all attributable cost of bringing the assets to their working condition, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of tangible asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Items of property, plant and equipment that have been retired from active use and are held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value and are shown separately in the financial statements. Any expected loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from the retirement of, and gains or losses arising from disposal of tangible assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight-line method based on useful life as estimated by the management and aligned to Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 in order to reflect the actual usage of assets.

Assets not yet ready for use are recognised as capital work in progress.

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

b. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets relating to product development are recorded at actual cost incurred on the development of products and are capitalised once the products receive approval from relevant authorities and the same are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly.

Software and implementation costs including users license fees of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and other application software costs are amortised over a period of three years

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the intangible assets.



6

c. Investments and financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Measurement of debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Impairment of financial assets

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.



De-recognition of financial assets

- A financial asset is derecognised only when
- The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

d. Borrowings and other financial liabilities

Borrowings and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Difference between the fair value and the transaction proceeds on initial is recognised as an asset / liability based on the underlying reason for the difference.

Subsequently all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

e. Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the 'average cost' method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw material, packing materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

f. Revenue Recognition

Sale of goods is recognised on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which is generally on the dispatch of goods by the Company and are recognised net of trade discounts and goods and service tax.

Service income is recognised on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer and is accounted based on terms of contract entered into with the respective parties

Sale of services: In contract involving rendering of services revenue is recognised using the proportionate completion method in line with agreements / arrangements with concerned parties and is net of goods and service tax.

Other revenue / income and cost / expenditure are generally accounted on accrual as they are earned or incurred.

g. Other Income

Interest income for all debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

h. Employee Benefits

Employee benefits such as Providend Fund, ESI, Gratuity are not extended to the employees as the provisions of the respective Acts are not applicable to the Company as on balance sheet date.

i. |Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The board of directors of Ador Welding Academy Private Limited assesses the financial performance and position and makes strategic decisions. The Board of directors has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker. Refer note 29 for segment information presented.



8

. Current and Deferred Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

k. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

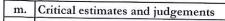
Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

1. Cash flow statement

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.





The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS which requires management to make estimates, assumptions and exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the year.

The Management believes that these estimates are prudent and reasonable and are based upon the Management's best knowledge of current events and actions. Actual results could differ from these estimates and differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known or materialised.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

n. Related Party Disclosure

Transactions with related parties are disclosed in Note no. 28





Standalone statement of changes in equity

A) Equity share capital

Particulars	Notes	Number of shares	(Amount in Rs.)
Issued, subscribed and paid up:			
As at 31 March 2019	11	30,00,000	. 3,00,00,000
Changes in equity share capital			* * *
As at 31 March 2020		30,00,000	3,00,00,000

B) Other equity

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		Reserves and surplus		Total
	General reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-	=	(2,00,33,021)	(2,00,33,021)
Net profit for the year	-	X.	49,43,133	49,43,133
Other comprehensive income for the year	-		_	=
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(1,50,89,889)	(1,50,89,889)
Amount transfer from retained earnings	=	-	-	-
Amount transfer to general reserve		_	2.	_
Equity dividend including tax theron	* ·	-	_	
Closing balance as at 31 March 2020		-	(1,50,89,889)	(1,50,89,889)

The accompanying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements.

8. ASSOC

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This is the statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date.

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.M. Bhat Chairman

DIN : 05168265

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune

Date : 10 June 2020

Deep Lalvani Director

DIN: 01771000

N. M. Nagpal Director

DIN: 00031985

Place : Mumbai Date : 10 June 2020



ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Rs.)

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment

95,05,225	3,08,106	2,36,585	1,51,534	36,67,316	49,39,681	As at 31 March 2020
1,00,45,213	3,09,403	2,89,308	2,56,352	40,57,488	51,32,661	As at 31 March 2019
1 00 45 213	200					Net carrying value
0.10 CT OT	3,94,109	3,33,479	9,03,376	26,27,272	12,23,647	As at 31 March 2020
54 81 942	2 0/1 1/0	2 22 476			1	Deductions
1	ì		-	,	ĵ	Adjustments
	1,237	54,143	1,04,818	3,90,172	1,92,980	Depreciation charge
7 41 990	1 207	2,80,756	7,98,558	22,37,100	10,30,667	As at 31 March 2019
47 30 052	3 00 970	200757				Deductions
T F	1,771	(1,02,980)	1,/9,989	,	1	Adjustments
7,00,000	2 991	52,723	1,38,304	3,90,172	1,92,980	Depreciation charge
7 83 800	5,80,250	4,11,013	4,80,265	18,46,928	8,37,687	As at 1 April 2018
20 56 1/3						Accumulated depreciation .
29 1 1900 9200	1,02,210	3,70,004	10,54,910	62,94,588	61,63,328	As at 31 March 2020
1 47 85 165	7 00 075	20.067	1000		1	Deductions
î.	j		1		8	Adjustments
ı	1	ı	ič di	,	ľ	Additions
,		2,10,000	10,577	02,94,300	61,63,528	As at 31 March 2019
1,47,85,165	7 02 275	5 70 064	10 5 4 010	100		Deductions
1	t				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Adjustments
	ř	,	ř –		1	Additions
3) 13 900	1,02,210	3,70,004	10,54,910	62,94,588	61,63,328	As at 1 April 2018
1.47.85.165	7 02 275	70000				Gross carrying value
	equipments	and fixtures	installations	ments (including computers)	2	Farticulars
Total	Office	Furniture	Electrical	Plant and equip-	Buildings	Dation los
,						





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 3 - Intangible assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Computer Software	E learning Module	Total
Gross carrying value			
As at 1 April 2018	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Additions		* -	= =
Adjustments	1- 3		
Deductions	- 9	-	-
As at 31 March 2019	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Additions	-	; iii	-
Adjustments	7-		
Deductions	=		***************************************
As at 31 March 2020	51,300	10,51,250	11,02,550
Accumulated amortisation		^	
	48,735	9,91,033	10,39,76
As at 1 April 2018	10,700	7,655	7,65
Amortisation charge		-	-
Adjustments	2	-	-
Deductions As at 31 March 2019	48,735	9,98,688	10,47,42
	-	(*************************************	-
Amortisation charge	7		-
Adjustments			_
Deductions	48,735	9,98,688	10,47,42
As at 31 March 2020	10,100	7,70,70	
The second section of the sect	# 2	1	
Net carrying value	2,565	52,562	55,12
As at 31 March 2019	2,565	52,562	55,12
As at 31 March 2020	2,000		



1)

ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 4 - Non-current loans

Unsecured, considered good (unless otherwise stated)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Security deposit	1,400	77,400
Deposit for cylinder	35,000	35,000
Deposit with MVAT	25,000	25,000
Total	61,400	1,37,400

Note 5 - Non-current tax assets (net)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Advance income tax	-	7,95,041
MAT credit availment	10,65,155	4,87,000
Total	10,65,155	12,82,041

Note 6 - Current Investments

(Amount in Rs.)

	V V	(Amount in Ks.)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Financial assets classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss	f l	
Investment in mutual funds (unquoted)		
Aditya Birla sunlife liquid fund - growth - regular plan	32,29,221	30,38,771
(31 March 2020: 10162.774 units; 31 March 2019: 10162.774 units of Rs. 100 each)		
Aditya Birla sunlife equity hybrid 95 fund - growth - direct plan	7,66,613	~
(31 March 2020: 1245.128 units of Rs. 100 each)		
Aditya Birla sunlife arbitrage fund - growth - direct plan	5,27,044	(<u>-</u>
(31 March 2020: 25184.984 units of Rs. 100 each)		
SBI Magnum low duration fund - growth plan	15,77,518	12
(31 March 2020: 606.083 units of Rs. 100 each)	***	
Aditya Birla sunlife arbitrage fund - growth - regular plan	6,18,900	150
(31 March 2020: 30761.186 units of Rs. 100 each)		
IDFC Banking and PSU Debt fund - growth - regular plan	6,29,765	
(31 March 2020: 35493.508 units of Rs. 100 each)	E E	
Aditya Birla sunlife floating rate fund - growth - direct plan	10,21,314	
(31 March 2020: 4048.083 units of Rs. 100 each)		
HDFC Corporate bond fund - growth - regular plan	10,05,278	' ' ba
(31 March 2020: 43871.772 units of Rs. 100 each)		
Total	93,75,652	30,38,771

Note 7 - Trade receivables

(Amount in Rs.)

		(1221101111111111111)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Unsecured, considered good	2,66,220	8,93,871
Total	2,66,220	8,93,871





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 8 - Cash and cash equivalents

(Amount in Rs.)

	(zamount m zes.)
As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
26,635	884
· -	
16,22,066	13,60,479
16,48,701	13,61,363
	31 March 2020 26,635 - 16,22,066

Note 9 - Other current financials assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Security deposits		,	71,500
Others	*	·	H)
Total	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	- 12 VB	71,500

Note 10 - Other current assets

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Advance given to suppliers	3,080	8,080
Prepaid expenses	4,400	10,675
Balances with central excise, customs, GST and port trust	4,148	= 2
Total	11,628	18,755





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 11 - Equity share capital

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Authorised shares 30,00,000 (31 March 2019: 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,00,00,000	3,00,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares 30,00,000 (31 March 2019: 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up Contribution from Holding company	3,00,00,000 53,46,981	3,00,00,000 53,46,981
Total	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981

Note 11 a- Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at 31 Mar	As at 31 March 2019		
W. Control of the con	No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)	No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)
Equity shares Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	30,00,000	3,00,00,000	30,00,000	3,00,00,000
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	75/	Š
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	30,00,000	3,00,00,000	30,00,000	3,00,00,000

Note 11 b- Rights, preferences and restrictions

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par (face) value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all the preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Note 11 c- Shares held by holding Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
	No. of shares	No. of shares
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		
Ador Welding Limited	30,00,000	30,00,000

Note 11 d- Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 Mar	As at 31 March 2020		ch 2019
	No. of shares held	% of holding	No. of shares held	% of holding
<u>Equity shares of Rs. 10 each</u> Ador Welding Limited	30,00,000	100%	30,00,000	100%
Total	30,00,000	100%	30,00,000	100%

Note 11 e- The Company has not issued any bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash nor has there been any buyback of shares during five years immediately preceding 31 March 2020

Note 12 - Other equity

(Amount in Rs.)

		(international state)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
General reserve [Refer note (a) below]	: - :	
Capital redemption reserve account [Refer note (b) below]		1 mm X
Retained earnings [Refer note (c) below]	(1,50,89,888)	(2,00,33,021)
Total	(1,50,89,888)	(2,00,33,021)

Notes:

(a) General reserve*		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	× 4	₩
Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss		<u> </u>
Balance at the end of the year		

^{*}The general reserve is a distributable reserve maintained by the Company to be utilised in accordance with the Act.

(b) Capital redemption reserve account**

Particulars

Balance at the beginning of the year

Transaction during the year

Balance at the end of the year

Balance at the end of the year

Transaction during the year

Transaction during the year

Balance at the end of the year

^{**}The reserve has been created on during buy back of equity shares and it is a non-distributable reserves.

(c) Retained earnings***			(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars		As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year		(2,00,33,021)	(2,68,99,472)
Transaction during the year			
Add: Net profit/(loss) for the year		49,43,133	68,66,451
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year			
Less: Transfer to general reserve	7	2 -	-:
Less: Equity dividend			20
Less: Tax on equity dividend		-	
Balance at the end of the year PUNE		(1,50,89,888)	(2,00,33,021)

^{***}Retained earnings pertain to the accumulated earnings made by the Company over the years.

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-Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 13 - Deferred tax liabilities (net)

		*
(Amour	t in	Re 1

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Deferred tax liabilities on account of:		
On timing difference between book depreciation and depreciation as per Income Tax Act, 1961	5,05,669	4,54,300
	5,05,669	4,54,300
Deferred tax assets on account of:		
Carry forward of business loss	-	87
	9	-
Net deferred tax liabilities	5,05,669	4,54,300

Note 14 - Other non-current liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	-	
Total	-	

Note 15 - Borrowings

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	,	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Secured			
From banks	* , . *		
Overdraft from HDFC Bank			-
Total		•	•





Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 16 - Trade payables

(Δ,

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at	As at
And the Market of the Market Carlo	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises	SMI	2
Dues to other than micro, small and medium enterprises	2,35,027	3,60,579
Total	2,35,027	3,60,579

Note 17 - Other current financial liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
The second size of the second	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Provision for expenses		4 8
Others	· ·	-
Total	-	

Note 18 - Other current liabilities

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
,	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Statutory dues	2,63,844	2,34,716
Advance against Sales and Services	23,386	17,486
Others	70,558	36,000
Total	3,57,788	2,88,202

Note 19 - Provisions

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at	As at
Turioumic	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Others		
Provision for income tax	4,31,529	4,87,000
Total	4,31,529	4,87,000



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 20 - Revenue from operations

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	v.	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Sale of goods Sale of services		10,19,900 92,14,741	11,27,461 1,26,41,201
Total	4,	1,02,34,641	1,37,68,662

Note 21 - Other income

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Interest income on financial asset measured at amortised cost		
(i) Others	65,835	32,164
Provisions / liabilities no longer required now written back		7,245
Fair value change of financial asset measured at FVTPL	1,36,881	38,771
Miscellaneous income	700	<u> </u>
Total	2,03,416	78,180

Note 22 - Purchase of stock-in-trade

(Amount in Rs.)

		(IZIMOUNIE IN ICO.)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Welding machines & booth	6,44,312	7,62,781
Total	6,44,312	7,62,781

Note 23 - Employee benefits expense

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Amount in its.)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
*	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Salaries, wages and bonus	12,65,408	10,25,235
Total	12,65,408	10,25,235

Note 24 - Finance costs

(Amount in Rs.)

			(minount in its.)
Particulars		Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Interest expense on: Others		-	46,231
Total	7,		46,231



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ADOR WELDING ACADEMY PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 25 - Other expenses

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Training material and related Expenses	i i	7,31,832	7,10,113
Electricity expenses	. 1		4,310
Rent, Rates and taxes		7,37,788	13,97,940
Freight		29,223	26,191
Legal and professional fees		1,93,458	2,20,604
Repairs and maintenance		3,81,644	1,37,253
Travelling, conveyance and vehicle expenses	i 4	1,66,880	4,05,954
Telephone, postage and telegram	E W = _	1,04,666	83,549
Housekeeping expenses	w	39,676	38,102
Canteen Expenses	=	4,53,984	4,13,055
Interest on statutory dues	- #	755	84
Printing and stationery	-	1,27,848	1,84,670
Auditors remuneration [Refer note 25(a)]		80,000	50,000
Bank charges		3,327	4,248
Miscellaneous expenses		1,87,543	1,33,691
Total		32,38,624	38,09,764

Note 25(a) - Auditors' remuneration (excluding taxes)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Statutory audit fees	50,000	20,000
Tax audit fees	30,000	30,000
Total	80,000	50,000

Note 26 - Tax expense

(Amount in Rs.)

			(Amount in Ks.)
Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
	e j	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Current tax			
Current tax for the year		7,42,000	4,87,000
Additional/(Reversal) of provision for earlier years		(1,23,624)	₩
		6,18,376	4,87,000
Deferred tax	4.78		
Change in deferred tax assets [Refer Note 26(a)]	į.	(10,65,155)	22,540
Change in deferred tax liabilities		51,369	35,374
		(10,13,786)	57,914
Total		(3,95,410)	5,44,914

Note 27 - Other comprehensive income

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2020	Year ended 31 March 2019
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Actuarial gains on defined benefit obligations	-	9
Income tax effect on above	s = =	56 21
Total Company		2



Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 28 - Related Party Disclosure:

As per Ind AS 24 "Related party Disclosures", disclosure of transactions with the related parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:

(I) List of related parties and relationship:

Relationship	Name of the Persons / Company	***	
(i) Holding Company:	Ador Welding Limited		
(ii) Subsidiary Company and fellow subsidiaries:	NIL	3 2	2.
(iii) Companies in which holding Company has	J B Advani & Co Pvt Ltd.		
significant influence and its associates:	Ador Powertron Limited		
	Ador Fontech Limited		
	Mack Valves India Pvt. Ltd.		
(iv) Key management personnel:	Mr. S. M. Bhat - Chairman		
	Mrs. N. M. Nagpal - Director		
	Mr. Deep Lalvani - Director		
	Mr. R.A.Mirchandani - Director		

(II) Transactions during the year:			(Amount in Rs.)	
Relationship / name of the related party	Description of the nature of transactions	Value of the transactions		
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
a) Holding Company				
Ador Welding Limited	Sale of goods and services (net)	12,14,401	16,22,246	
	Purchase of goods and services received	10,05,027	7,79,637	
	Rent paid (net)	7,30,000	7,94,000	
	Interest paid (net)	-		
	Reimbursement of expenses	•	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
b) Subsidiary Company and fellow subsidiaries		-		
c) Companies in which Holding Company has signif	icant influence and its associates			
J B Advani & Co Pvt Ltd.	Sale of goods (net)	-	8,475	
	Purchase of goods and services received	-	1,200	
	Rent paid (net)		5,96,250	
Ador Fontech Limited	Sale of goods (net)	-	5,115	
	Purchase of goods and services received	-		
Ador Powertron Limited	Sale of goods and servics (net)	7,000	6,500	
	Purchase of goods and services received	-	(4)	
Mack Valves India Pvt. Ltd.	Sale of goods (net)	2	26,500	
	Purchase of goods and services received	-	-	
d) Key Management Personnel				
Mr. S. M. Bhat - Chairman	Remuneration			
Mrs. N. M. Nagpal - Director	Remuneration			
Mr. Deep Lalvani - Director	Remuneration			
Mr. R.A.Mirchandani - Director	Remuneration			
Directors (Non-executive and Independent and Non-	Sitting fees	2		

(III) Amount outstanding at the year end:

(Amount in Rs.)

(III) Amount outstanding at the year end:			(Amount in Rs.)	
	December 1991	Value of the transactions		
Relationship / name of the related party	Description of the nature of transactions	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
a) Holding Company				
Ador Welding Limited	Trade receivable	24,337	5 -	
	Equiity share capital	3,53,46,981	3,53,46,981	
	Trade payable	84,146	3,540	
	Other payable	-	-	
b) Subsidiary Company and fellow subsidiaries		-		
c) Companies in which Holding Company has si	gnificant influence and its associates			
J B Advani & Co Pvt Ltd.	Other receivable	-	4.1	
	Trade payable	-	2	
Ador Fontech Limited				
Ador Powertron Limited				
Mack Valves India Pvt. Ltd.				
d) Key Management Personnel				
& & ASSOC				

1. Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 29 - Segment reporting

The Company's chief operating decision maker - Chief Financial Officer examines the Company's performance and has identified two reportable segments of its business:

- (i) Skill and Technical Training
- (ii) Equipments and project business

The above operating segments have been identified considering:

- (i) The internal financial reporting systems
- (ii) The nature of the products / process
- (iii) The organisation structure as well as differential risks and returns of these segments.

Types of products and services in each business segment:

Business Segment	Types of products and services
a) Training services	Skill Training at ADOR has been an integral part of the business activities and evolved through its various platforms such as the Welding School (1960 - 1990), the Ador Institute of Welding Technology- AIWT (1991 - 2011)- where over 40000 people were trained and gainfully employed in careers in welding.
b) Equipments and project business	 Equipments, spares, cutting products and agency items related to equipments cutting products, design, engineering, procurement and commissioning of flares, incinerators, furnaces, etc. from Chinchwad plant.

Revenue and expenses have been accounted on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Expenses, which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been included under "Unallocable Income" and "Unallocable Expenses" respectively. Assets and Liabilities, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis, have been included under "Unallocable Assets / Liabilities". Inter-segment transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar goods.

A) Business segment

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Skill and Techni	ical Training	Equipments and pr	oject business	Tot	al
		Λ				
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ende
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 201
Segment revenue					20 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
External revenue	92,68,922	1,26,41,201	10,19,900	11,27,461	1,02,88,822	1,37,68,662
Inter segment revenue		=	-	-	*	Y. 1777 - 1767 - 1767
Total revenue	92,68,922	1,26,41,201	10,19,900	11,27,461	1,02,88,822	1,37,68,662
Segment result before interest and tax	26,96,125	44,50,884	13,48,063	22,25,442	40,44,188	66,76,327
Add/(less):		Δ.				
Unallocable expenses				€	4,49,354	7,41,81
(net of unallocable income)						
Interest and finance charges (net)	2.			Ja	-	-
Excess/ (short) provision of taxes		591			1,23,624	
for earlier years	_		\$ 5			
Provision for taxes (net of deferred tax)					2,71,786	-
Net profit after tax			1		48,88,952	74,18,14
Other information						
Segment assets	1,30,72,264	98,47,776	65,36,132	49,23,888	1,96,08,395	1,47,71,66
Unallocated assets		5. 3.			21,78,711	16,41,290
Total assets			. *		2,17,87,106	1,64,12,960
Segment liabilities	9,18,008	6,55,935	4,59,004	3,27,968	13,77,012	9,83,903
Unallocated liabilities			1	P40* 5.21 1* 5.31 1.41	1,53,001	1,09,323
Total liabilities					15,30,013	10,93,225
Capital employed						
Segment wise capital employed	1,21,54,256	91,91,841	60,77,128	45,95,920	1,82,31,384	1,37,87,76
Unallocable corporate assets net of unallocable	3,-3,-3,-2	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			20,25,709	15,31,97
corporate liabilities						
Total capital employed				1	2,02,57,093	1,53,19,73
Capital expenditure						
Segment capital expenditure		_	- 1	-		. 9
Unallocated capital expenditure		2.			2 =3	-
Total capital expenditure			- (-	
(Tangible and intangible assets)	,					
Depresiation and amortication			(4)			
Depreciation and amortisation Segment depreciation and apportisation		**)	1 2	(¥		-
Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	8111	*	Sur-		7,41,990	7,91,46
Total depreciation and amortisation RN	TATES -				7,41,990	7,91,46
Significant non cash expenditure PUNE	sk				10,000,000	00 #20 TO# 50TO
Segment significant non cash expenditure 51W	12	_	_		_	<u> </u>
Unallocated significant non cash expenditure	1511			ucs	-	new reserve
	MITTEN STATE		245		2	2
Total significant non cash expenditure	5//				170	



B) Geographical segment

The geographic information analysis the companies revenue and non current assets

Revenue from external customers

(Amount in Re)

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Domestic	1,02,34,641	1,37,68,662
Overseas	-	WP-00/7 P (00/4 M) (1/4 M)
Total	1,02,34,641	1,37,68,662

Domestic Segment includes sales to customers located in India and service income accrued in India.

Overseas Segment includes sales and services rendered to customers located outside in India.

Non-current assets:-

The following are the details of the carrying amount of non current assets, which do not include deferred tax assets, income tax assets and financial assets, by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at	As at
E 4	 31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Within India	93,58,350	1,01,00,340
Outside India	- 1	-
Total	93,58,350	1,01,00,340

C) Major customer

Revenues of approximately Rs. 12.14 lacs (31 March 2019 - Rs. 19.50 lacs) are derived from a single customer. These revenues are attributed to the Skill and Technical Training segment.

D) Other disclosures

- 1. The Company has disclosed business segment as the primary segment.
- 2. The Segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segment and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

Note 30 - Previous periods figures have been regrouped / rearranged, wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with the current period.

For PHADKE & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 121251W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deep Lalvani

DIN: 01771000

Director

S.M. Bhat Chairman

DIN: 05168265

N. M.N.

Director DIN: 00031985

Place: Mumbai Date: 10 June 2020

MILIND N PHADKE

Partner

Firm Registration No: 121251W

Place : Pune Date: 10 June 2020

PUNE 121251W